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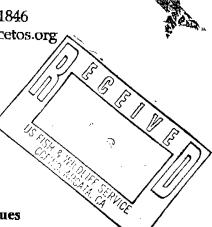
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Critique of Risk Assessment Techniques

Used in the Sustained Yield Plan

I am the director of the Center for Ethics and Toxics and have served as a State health official in California, as the founder and chief of the Hazard Evaluation System. In that capacity, I am familiar with risk assessment techniques and the presentation of data to support projects requiring an environmental assessment or report. The proposed Draft EUR/EIS of the Pacific Lumber Sustained Yield Plan includes a description under items 3.14 et seq which purport to represent an assessment of the potential toxicity of herbicides in the planned uses.

This assessment provides a completely inadequate base on which to determine the existence or absence of environmental impacts arising from planned herbicide usage. Specifically, there is a dearth of references and an undue reliance on an extremely limited cross-section of scientific studies to vouchsafe the programmatic use of herbicides. The disucssion of herbicide toxicity (Sec 3.14.5.1) which declares that herbicide toxicity is limited to plants is a gross misrepresentation of the data on herbicides generally, and

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specific herbicides like 2,4 Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid and its salts (2,4 D) in particular. Even those herbicides which interact with photosynthetic pathways nonetheless have mammalian toxicity at high doses, interfering with microsomal enzymes such as mammalian monoxygenases. These effects may be attributable to the surfactants or other inerts used in formulating these and other herbicides.

The authors of the EIR/EIS for the Sustained Yield Plan provide a skeletal outline of herbicide toxicity assays, then neglect to provide an analysis of how those assays in fact play out when the proposed herbicides are tested. For instance, while the authors acknowledge the importance of measuring herbicide degradation and half life under various conditions, in discussing atrazine they cite only a representative study which alleges that atrazine "is not expected to migrate to groundwater under normal application conditions". This statement does not hold up to scrutiny—no mention is made of the literally dozens of studies which demonstrate the persistence and migration of atrazine throughout mid-Western aquifers and resulting destruction of potable water systems. The statement that atrazine's "main toxic effect" is related to photosynthesis completely ignores cancer bioassay data and chronic feeding studies which demonstrate systemic pathology. Moreover, to cite just one workplace study review (by Brusick, et al 1966) to establish the absence of worker health effects, when that study dealt with cancer risks and mortality and not more subtle health effects, is a serious oversight.

The risk assessment also omits several key parameters which are essential to determine ecological impact: 1) no mention of non-target mammalian species who may consume contaminated vegetation; 2) no discussion of the low-level toxic effects on

¹ See E. Hietanen, et al, "Effects of phenoxyherbicides and glyphosate on the hepatic and intestinal

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aquatic organisms on the food chain (e.g., tadpoles affected at 20 ppb by atrazine); 3) no discussion on the impact of herbicide residues such as Garlon 4 mixtures on salmonids, including the endangered Coho salmon;² 4) no discussion of human ingestion, eg from berry picking; 5) no discussion of the impact to microbial and micorhyzzial communities; 6) no worker risk estimates; and 7) no presentation of Hazard Indices to permit an overall risk determination.

Item 5) is particularly crucial, since recent studies have shown that the diversity of surviving mycorrhizal fungi are directly linked to the ultimate grow-back of disturbed (i.e., logged) ecosystems.3 Many of the proposed herbicides have selective toxicity for fungal species. No such impacts are mentioned.

In the instance of 7) above, the risk assessment fails to provide a numerical basis for determining dosages, routes of likely contamination and exposure, and ultimate fate of the particular herbicides alone or in combination with their inert vehicles. Rather than providing uninformative subjective assurances of "no effect" based on the "likelihood" that a given herbicide will not migrate, will not persist, or will not be toxic, etc, it is incumbent on the risk assessor to determine the actual probabilities for such behavior based on

biotransformation activities in the rat, " Acta Pharmacol. Toxicol 53: 103-112, 1983.

² Mention of the Wan et al report of 1987 which showed "slight toxicity" at 1.4 mg/liter is both an understatement and ignores other studies which demonstrate effects below 1 ppm on swimming behavior: The 1991 Wan et al study concluded that Garlon 4 formulations of triclopyr were highly toxic to salmonids (See MT Wan et al, "Acute toxicity to juvenile Pacific Northwest salmonids of Bascid Blue NB 755 and its mixture with formulated products of 2,4 D, glyphosate and triclopyr," Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxciology 47: 471-478, 1991. Low dose toxicity for triclopyr was see by JA Johansen and GH Green, "Sublethal and acute toxicity of the ehtylene glycol butyl ether ester forumulation of triclopyr to juvenile Coho salmon," Archives of Environmental Contamination and Toxicicology 19: 610-616, 1990.

³ See MGA van der Heijden et al, "Mycorrhizal fungal diversity determines plant biodiversity, ecosystem variability and productivity," Nature 396: 69-72, 1998 (5 November).

residence times in the soil, adsorption characteristics, etc. Without likelihood estimates for each of these eventualities the risk assessment is virtually devoid of policy significance.

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For instance, stating without documentation that sulfometuron methyl "does not tend to bioaccumulate" (at 3.14-14) is insufficient. Such a declaration must be accompanied by factual data (e.g., an octanol/water partition coefficient) or actual field studies to demonstrate this supposition.

Overall, the existing toxicity of herbicides section is selectively reported and biased towards non-effect determinations. By omitting consideration of non-target species, calculations of risks of "takings" of endangered species by the proposed activities, and the critical data a toxicologist would need to determine if hazards exist to specific wildlife species or humans (especially workers), the aggregate report provides an inadequate data base for policy formulation. Because of these deficiencies, the proposed risk assessment and evaluation of the sustained yield plan are incomplete and inadequate to form a basis for a negative declaration.

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November 12, 1998

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BOARDS

1983-Present Board of Advisors, Committee for Genetic Responsibility

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1989-Present Editorial Advisory Board, Citizens Clearing House for Hazardous Wastes, 1996-1999

Board of Directors, Hemispheres/Natural Food Associates, Atlanta, Texas 1997-Present Board of Directors, Redwood Coast Medical Services

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- 1977 September 7 Testimony before House Subcommittee on Science and Technology,
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 - November 2 Testimony on Freedom and Responsibility in Science before Senate

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- 1982 November 18 Testimony (submitted by invitation) to House Subcommittee on Science and Technology on Ethics of Developing Treatment for Human Genetic Disease
- 1985 December 18 Testimony on Biotechnology and Government Policy, Subcommittee on Oversight & Investigations, Senate Commerce and Energy Committee
- 1988 November 22 Testimony on Disclosure and Informed Consent before the Panel on Medical
 Devices, Food and Drug Administration

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- 1992 June 4 Testimony on Health Policy Issues Surrounding the Development of Dental Prosthetic Devices, Human Resources & Intergovernmental Relations Subcommittee of the Committee on Government Operations, House of Representatives

ORGANIZATIONS

American Association for the Advancement of Science
American Public Health Association
American Chemical Society
American Society for Bioethies and Humanities
Hastings Center Fellow
National Environmental Health Association
New York Academy of Science
Scientific Advisory Committee to Mothers and Others
Society of Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry
Society of Toxicology

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